

# Model Name: T420HVN04.0

Issue Date: 2012/09/20

(\*)Preliminary Specifications

()Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date						
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# **Record of Revision**

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2012/08/08		First release
0.1	2012/08/16	16	Modify center transmittance
	2012/08/16	20	Update 2D drawing
		10	Update Interface Connections
0.2	2012/09/10	12	Update timing table
		16	Update Color Chromaticity
		10	Update Interface Connections
1.0	2012/09/20	15	Update Power Sequence
		23	Update box carrying for SKD
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L	L	L	I .



## 1. General Description

This specification applies to the 42.02 inch Color TFT-LCD SKD model T420HVN04.0. This LCD Open Cell Unit has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,920x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 42.02 inch. This Open Cell Unit supports 1,920x1,080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

#### \* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	42.02	inch	
Display Area	930.24(H) x 523.26(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	946.24(H) x 540.06 (V) x 1.475(D)	mm	D: cell thickness
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Bezel Opening		mm	Customer design
Display Colors	8 bit, 16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,920x1,080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.4845 (H) x 0.4845(W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze=2%
Weight	Тур. 1200	g	
Rotate Function	Unachievable		
Display Orientation	Signal input with "ABC"		Note 1

Note 1: LCD display as below illustrated when signal input with "ABC".





# 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

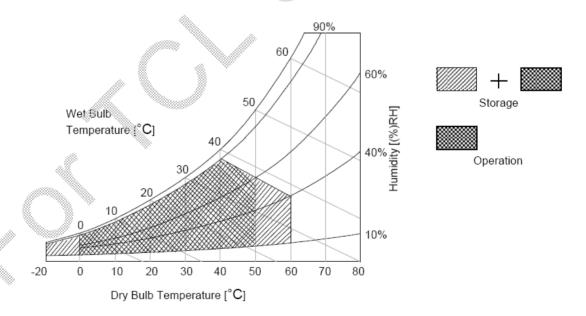
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	ТОР	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	НОР	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39℃ and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of  $40^{\circ}$ C or less. At temperatures greater than  $40^{\circ}$ C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed  $39^{\circ}$ C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition





# 3. Electrical Specification

The T420HVN04.0 Open Cell Unit requires power input which is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal.

## 3.1 Electrical Characteristics

### 3.1.1: DC Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Value Typ.	Max	Unit	Note
LCD							
Power Su	pply Input Voltage	$V_{DD}$	10.8	12	13.2	V <sub>DC</sub>	
Power Su	pply Input Current	I <sub>DD</sub>		1.1	1.3	Α	1
Power Co	nsumption	P <sub>c</sub>	( )		15.6	Watt	1
Inrush Cu	rrent	I <sub>RUSH</sub>	//> <sup>*</sup>	<i>//</i>	4	Α	2
Permissibl	e Ripple of Power Supply Input Voltage	V <sub>RP</sub>			V <sub>DD</sub> * 5%	$mV_{pk-pk}$	3
	Input Differential Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	200	400	600	$mV_{DC}$	4
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V <sub>TH</sub>	+100		+300	mV <sub>DC</sub>	4
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V <sub>TL</sub>	-300		-100	mV <sub>DC</sub>	4
	Input Common Mode Volti₃ge	V <sub>ICM</sub>	1.1	1.25	1.4	$V_{DC}$	4
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub> (High)	2.7		3.3	$V_{DC}$	5
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub> (Low)	0		0.6	$V_{DC}$	5



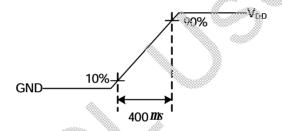
### 3.1.2: AC Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
	raiailletei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offic	Note
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum  Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	6
LVDS Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum  Modulation frequency	Fss	30		200	KHz	6
menace	Receiver Data Input Margin	(0.10					_
	Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5		0.4 0.5	กร	7

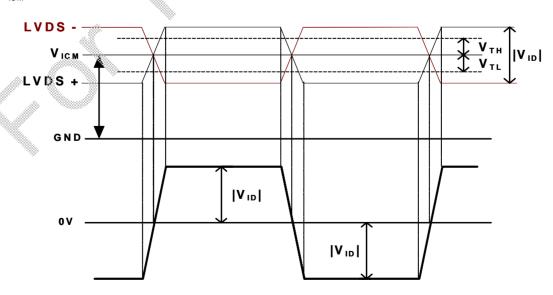
#### Note:

- 1. V<sub>DD</sub> = 12.0V, Fv = 60Hz, Fclk= Max freq., 25 °C, Test Pattern: White Pattern:

  >> refer to "Section:3.3 Signal Timing Specification, Typical timing"
- 2. Measurement condition: Rising time = 400us

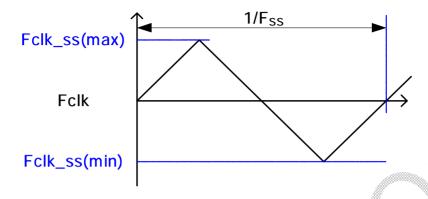


- 3. Test Condition:
  - (1) The measure point of V<sub>RP</sub> is in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
  - (2) Under Max. Input current spec. condition.
- **4.**  $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$





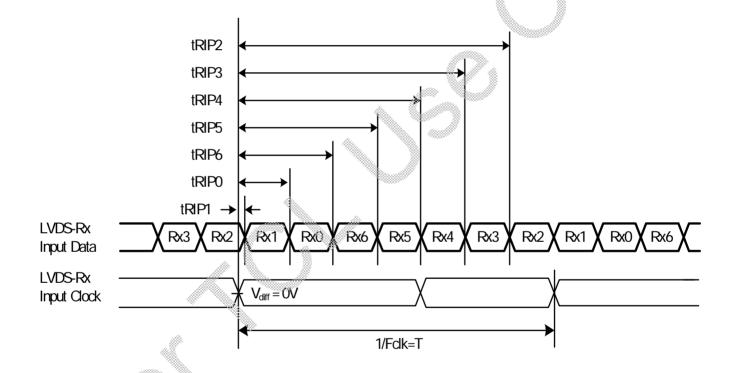
- 5. The measure points of  $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$  are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
- 6. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures





## 7. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Symbol		Rating								
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit	Note					
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk					
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns	4.					
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns						





## **Interface Connections**

LCD connector: FI-RE51S-HF (JAE,LVDS connector)

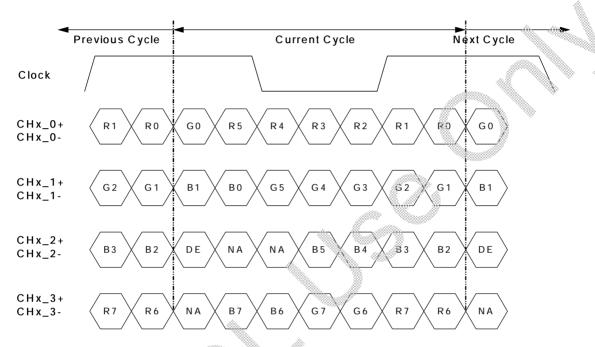
I Mating connector:

	i Mating con				
PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	N.C.	No connection (for AUO test	26	N.C.	No connection (for AUO test only. Do
'	N.C.	only. Do not connect)	20	IN.C.	not connect)
	801	EEDDOM Coriol Clock	27	NO	No connection (for AUO test only. Do
2	SCL	EEPROM Serial Clock	27	N.C.	not connect)
		<b>EEPROM</b> Write Protection			
3	WP	High(3.3V) for Writable,	28	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-
		Low(GND) for Protection			
4	SDA	EEPROM Serial Data	29	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
	N. O	No connection (for AUO test	20	0110 4	LVDS OL LLO OL LLO
5	N.C.	only. Do not connect)	30	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
_		No connection (for AUO test			
6	N.C.	only. Do not connect)	31	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
		Open/High(3.3V) for NS,			
7	LVDS_SEL	Low(GND) for JEIDA	32	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
		No connection (for AUO test			
8	N.C.	only. Do not connect)	33	C⊮2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
		No connection (for AUO test			
9	N.C.	only. Do not connect)	34	GND	Ground
		No connection (for AUQ test			
10	N.C.	only. Do not connect)	35	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -
11	GND	Ground	36	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	37	GND	Ground
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	38	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-
14	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	39	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+
	0114 4	***************************************	40	N. C	No connection (for AUO test only. Do
15	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	40	N.C.	not connect)
	011/2/2	18/D0 01 11 2: 12			No connection (for AUO test only. Do
16	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	41	N.C.	not connect)
4_			4-5	N. 6	No connection (for AUO test only. Do
17	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	42	N.C.	not connect)
					No connection (for AUO test only. Do
18	GND	Ground	43	N.C.	not connect)
19	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	44	GND	Ground
20	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	45	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	46	GND	Ground
	2			****	No connection (for AUO test only. Do
22	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	47	N.C.	not connect)
23	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	48	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
24	N.C.	No connection (for AUO test	49		Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
4	IV.O.	140 CONNECTION (TOLADO TEST	<del>1</del> 3	$V_{DD}$	i ower ouppry, +12 v DC Negurateu



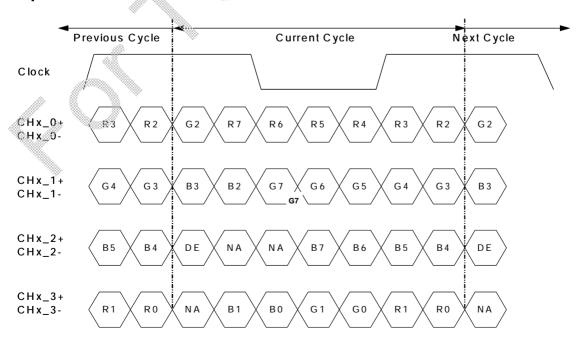
		only. Do not connect)			
25	N.C.	No connection (for AUO test only. Do not connect)	50	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
			51	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated

## LVDS Option = High/Openè NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

## LVDS Option = Lowè JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...



### Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

### **Timing Table (DE only Mode)**

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	Tv	1100	1125	1480	Th
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080		Th
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	20	45	400	Th
	Period	Th	1030	1100	1325	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		960	""	Tclk
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	70	140	365	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	53	74.25	82	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz
Horizontal Frequency Frequency		Fh	60	67.5	73	KHz

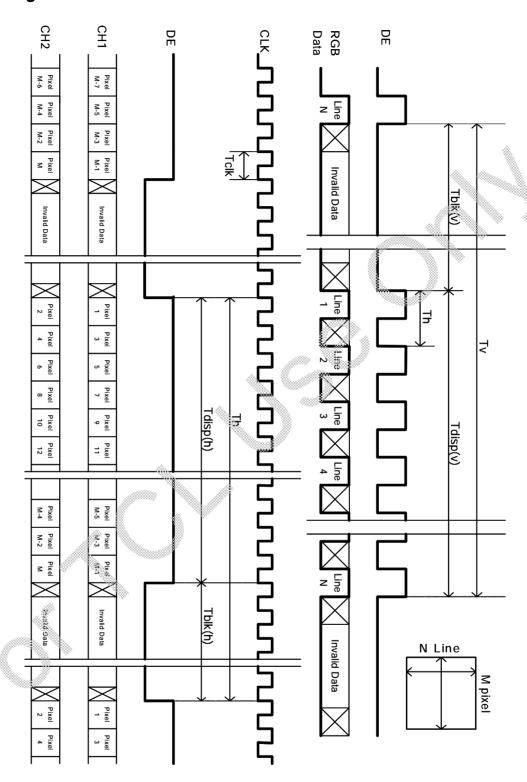
#### Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

  Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1<sup>st</sup> DCLK after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1<sup>st</sup> data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3)If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



## 3.2 Signal Timing Waveforms





## 3.3 Color Input Data Reference

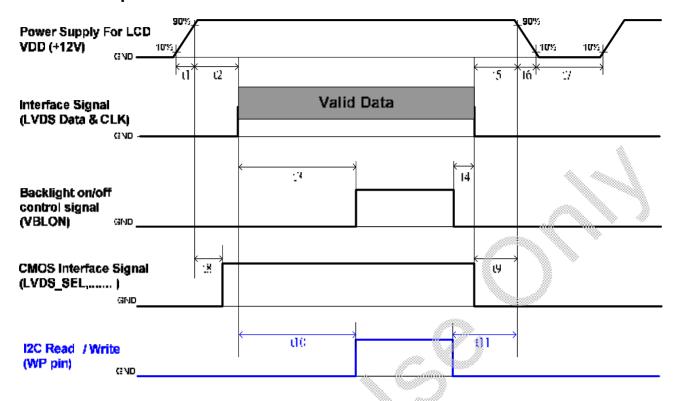
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

### **COLOR DATA REFERENCE**

											I	npu	t Co	olor	Data	<b>a</b>										
	Color				RI	D							GRI	EEN				BLUE								
	Color	мѕ	В					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	SB	MSB						LSB		
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	B5	В4	В3	B2	В1	В0	
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Basic	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	<b>**</b> \$	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
R						ś	<b>.</b>				**********	e.														
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	١.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	Ð	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
G		**			b																					
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
В																										
	BLU∄(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	



## 3.5 Power Sequence for LCD



Daramatar		l lm:4			
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit	
t1	0.4		30	ms	
t2	0.1		50	ms	
t3	450			ms	
t4	0 <sup>*1</sup>			ms	
t5	0			ms	
t6			*2 	ms	
t7	500			ms	
t8	10		50	ms	
t9	0			ms	

#### Note:

(1) t4=0: concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

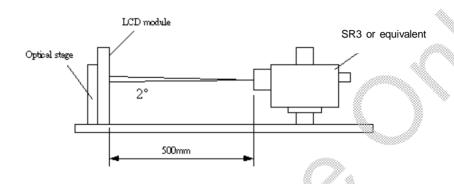
(2) t6: voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)



# 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the open cell unit and light source has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\varphi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0°.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



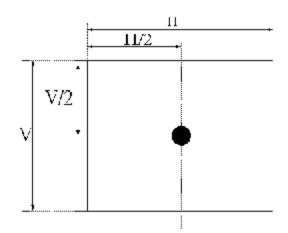
		N. I					
Parameter	Symbol	Condition		Values		Unit	Notes
			Min.	Тур.	Max		110100
Contrast Ratio	CR	***	2400	3000			1,2
Surface Luminance			300	350		cd/m²	4.0
(White)	$L_{WH}$					ca/m	1,3
Luminance Variation	δ <sub>WHITE(9P)</sub>	With AUO Module			1.33		1,4
Response Time (G to G)	Ту			6.5		Ms	5
Center Transmittance	Т%			5.2		%	1,8
Color Chromaticity							6
Red	R <sub>x</sub>	- With CS-1000T - Standard light source "C" -	Тур0.03	0.660	Тур.+0.03		
	$R_{Y}$			0.340			
Green	G <sub>x</sub>			0.270			
	$G_{Y}$			0.597			
Blue	B <sub>X</sub>			0.138			
	B <sub>Y</sub>			0.091			
White	W <sub>x</sub>			0.295			
	$W_{Y}$			0.336			
Viewing Angle							7
x axis, right(φ=0°)	$\theta_{\rm r}$	With AUO Module		89		degree	
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι			89		degree	
y axis, up(φ=90°)	θυ			89		degree	
y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_d$			89		degree	1

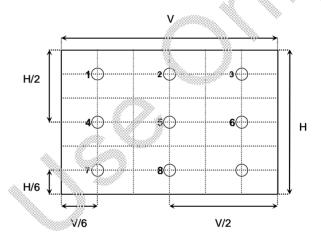


- 1. Light source here is the BLU of AUO Standard module.
- 2. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

3. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2. L<sub>WH</sub>=Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.

FIG. 2 Luminance





4. The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

 $\delta_{WHITE(9P)}$  = Maximum( $L_{on1}$ ,  $L_{on2}$ ,..., $L_{on9}$ )/ Minimum( $L_{on1}$ ,  $L_{on2}$ ,..., $L_{on9}$ )

5. Response time  $T_{\gamma}$  is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on  $F_{\nu}$ =60Hz to optimize.

Measured		Target				
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of gray(bright) " and "any level of gray(dark)".

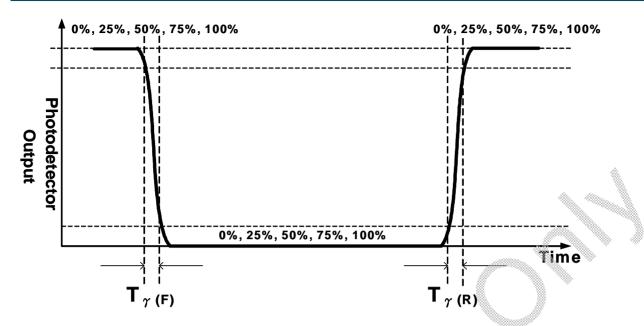
#### FIG.3 Response Time

Any level of gray (Bright)

Any level of gray (Dark)

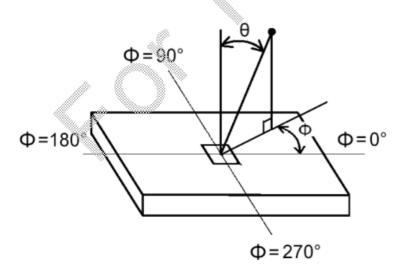
Any level of gray (Bright)





- 6. Light source here is the standard light source "C" which is defined by Cili and driving voltages are based on suitable gamma voltages. The calculating method is as following:
  - A. Measure the "Module" and "BLU" optical spectrums (W. R. G. B) of AUO standard module.
  - B. Calculate cell spectrum from "Module" and "BLU" spectrums.
  - C. Calculate color chromaticity by using cell spectrum and the spectrum of standard light source "C".
- 7. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

### FIG.4 Viewing Angle



8. Definition of Transmittance (T%):



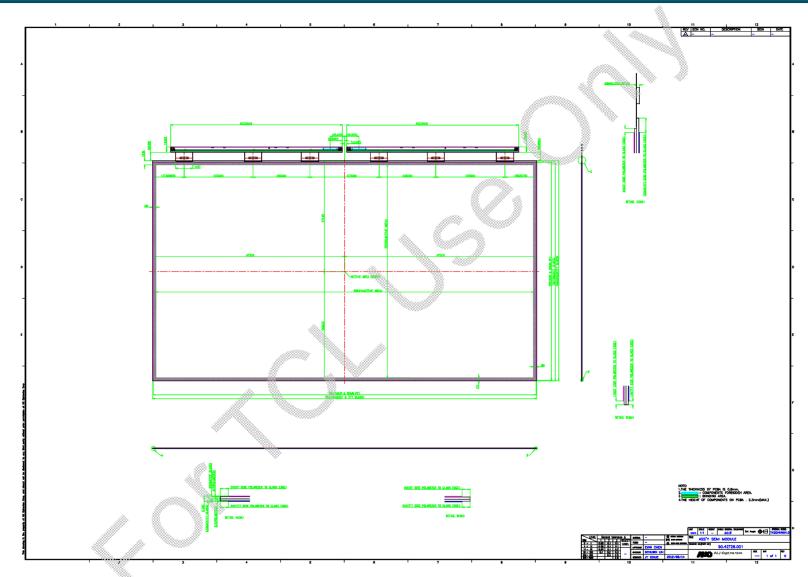
Transmittance = 
$$\frac{\text{Luminance of LCD module}}{\text{Luminance of backlight}} * 100\%$$

During transmittance measurement, the backlight of LCD module contains no brightness enhancement film. Two diffuser sheets which diffuse the light source uniformly are suggested to use for transmittance measurement.

## 5. Mechanical Characteristics

Item	Тур	Unit Note
Weight	1200	9







# 6.Packing

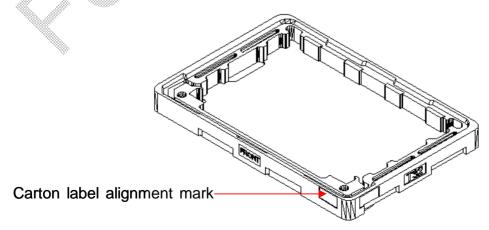
Open cell shipping label (35\*7mm)



- 1. S/N Number
- 2. Grade
- 3. Manufacture Fab.
- 4. Manufactured date
- 5. Model name

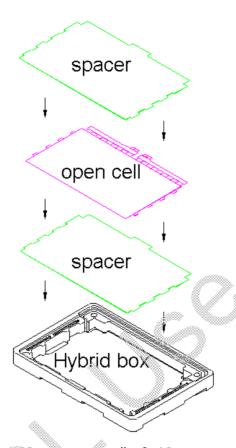
### Carton Label:



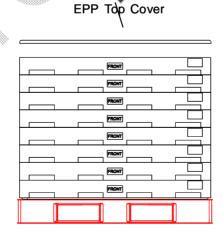




## **Packing Process:**



Box for 12pcs open cells & 13 pcs spacers



Pallet Dimension:1100\*800\*140 mm

8 Boxes/Pallet, after stack 8 boxes, then put EPP top cover on it.



## 7. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD Open Cell unit.

#### 7-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the cell. And the frame on which a cell is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the cell.
- (2) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (3) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (3) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (4) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (5) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (6) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (7) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 7-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The open cell unit listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoet voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (4) Brightness/transmittance depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

#### 7-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a open cell unit is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### 7-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.



#### 7-5 STORAGE

When storing open cell units as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the open cell unit to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5 °C and 35 °C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

## 7-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM OF POLARIZER

The protection film of polarizer is still attached on the surface as you receive open cell units. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is easily generated on the polarizer surface. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.